

Peculiar to Itself

In effectiveness, usefulness and economy, curing the widest range of diseases, and doing the most good for the money, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Liquid or tablets, 100 Doses One Dollar.

SCORES OUR "RAPACITY"

Russian Paper Sees Siberia Absorbed

ALARMED BY INTRIGUE

Burnard Resigns the Editorship of Punch
—Many Lives Lost and Much Damage Done by Ecuador Earthquake.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 16.—The Novoye Vremya, commenting on the report that Captain Elmer Mikkelsen, the Danish explorer, has promised President Roosevelt to raise the American flag on the Arctic continent he expects to discover between Parry Island and Wrangel Land, violently attacks what it calls American rapacity. It accuses the United States of intriguing to absorb Eastern Siberia by commercial methods. It contends that all new territory that can be discovered north of Siberia is Russian. The paper appeals for a protest. Explorer Grein dubs Captain Mikkelsen's expedition a chimera.

BURNARD RESIGNS FROM PUNCH.

Famous Humorist and Playwright Served the Paper Forty Years.

London, Feb. 16.—Sir Francis C. Burnard has resigned the editorship of Punch. Burnard has been associated with that periodical over forty years, and has edited it for a quarter of a century. He will be succeeded by Owen Seaman, at present assistant editor. Burnard's resignation, which is due to advancing age, was announced by himself at the famous "Wednesday" dinner of the Punch staff.

BAD EARTHQUAKE IN ECUADOR.

Colombian Volcano Cumbal Active at the Same Time.

Quayaquil, Ecuador, Feb. 16.—Passengers from the province of Esmeraldas, in the extreme northwestern part of Ecuador, report that earthquake shocks were felt there Jan. 31 and that several towns in the province of Esmeraldas and Manabí were seriously damaged. At Esmeraldas City several houses collapsed, including the government house. The village of Pingui, near the Colombian frontier, was inundated by a tidal wave and many inhabitants were drowned. Ninety bodies were washed ashore at Tumaco. At Rio Verde several houses collapsed. During eight days twenty-five shocks were felt in Esmeraldas. The Colombian village of Guacanda also was inundated by a tidal wave and two hundred persons were drowned. The eruption of the Colombian volcano of Cumbal caused the earthquakes.

Methodist Declare for Open Shop.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 16.—At the meeting of Methodist editors and publishing managers of the United States Wednesday, it was decided that every printing establishment controlled by the Methodist Book Concern shall hereafter be run on the "open shop" plan, making no distinction between union and non-union workmen. The decision applies particularly to the printing plants in Cincinnati, Chicago and New York.

It was declared by those who spoke that since the open shop plan had been introduced there had been better service in every way, and that it would be absurd to think of ever restoring the alliance with the unions.

D. F. DAVIS' NEW DEPARTURE.

After two months of remarkable sales, D. F. Davis' enterprising druggist, says that his plan of selling at half price the regular 50-cent size of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia, and guaranteeing to refund the money if it does not cure, has been the greatest success he has ever known.

He has sold hundreds of bottles of the specific and as yet has not had one returned, although he stands ready at any time to refund the money should any customer be dissatisfied. This is the strongest testimony that can be furnished to the great merit of this medicine.

Anyone suffering with dyspepsia, constipation, liver troubles, headaches, dizziness, coated tongue, or the general tired feeling, caused by inactive liver and bowels or disordered digestion, should take advantage of Mr. Davis' new departure and buy a bottle of Dr. Howard's specific at half price, with his personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

ENGRAVING

Wedding Invitations, At Home, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, etc., correct in form and execution

Engraved Plates and 50 Cards, - \$1.00
Printing From Old Plate, 100 Cards, .90
Printing From Old Plate, 50 Cards, .50

We guarantee work and quality of stock to be first-class in every detail. Give us your trial order.

Ideal Book and Stationery Store
W. FRANK HARRIS.

PHILIPPINE BILL AMENDED

Changes in the Rice and Leaf Schedules

WILL INSURE REPORT

Averts Competition With the Chinese
—Secretary Taft Does Not Seriously Object to Either Change.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Two amendments have been made by the Senate committee to the Philippine tariff bill, which doubtless insures its favorable report from committees. These relate to rice and Sumatra leaf, and show the serious ramifications of colonial tariff making.

It was shown before the committee that the bill, as it stands, admitting rice grown in the Philippines Islands at 25 per cent of the Dingley rates, would, in almost all normal seasons, have this result: The Philippines would ship their rice to the United States, buying for their own consumption the cheap rice of China, so that in effect our rice producers would be forced into competition with the Chinese. Nor is this problem easy of settlement, since in certain seasons the rice crop fails in the Philippines and the people need Chinese importation. It has been decided accordingly to levy upon rice going into the Philippines from China a tariff equaling in normal seasons the Dingley tariff on rice, coming into the United States, but by a sliding scale arrangement to be interpreted by the Philippine commission to provide for remission in the case the rice is economically needed in the archipelago.

The Sumatra leaf situation will be handled in much the same way; the Philippines Islands will impose a tax upon this tobacco, equaling that which American cigar makers have to pay. Many persons regard this an imaginary danger, but since the tobacco interest wants it, the administration leaders are willing to make the concession. Secretary Taft has no objection to either change.

The hearings on this bill before the Senate committee have been regarded as significant in that Senator Lodge was short of votes with which to report it, and his announcement that the hearings are to be ended this week is correspondingly taken as evidence that the bill can now be reported. The trouble with the opposition comes in the difficulty in getting Democrats to vote to increase tariffs over figures made by a Republican House.

SHIPPING BILL MAY DIE.

The House May Not Give to It Any Consideration.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Five Republican senators have gone on record against the moderate and intelligent subvention bill which the merchant marine commission had with so much labor prepared, as against six Republican opponents to the Hanna Payne bill of a few years ago, to which much more serious objection could be urged. No Democratic support was secured for the bill, in spite of the large share which the Gulf ports have in the new lines it was proposed to create. Two senators from each of the three states of Wisconsin, Iowa and Vermont opposed the bill before; of these Spooner and Doolittle alone remained in opposition Wednesday. Quarles has been succeeded by Mr. La Follette, who joined his colleague Wednesday in what was La Follette's first significant move in the Senate. La Follette has a wide personal influence among Republicans of the more radical stripe, and his vote against the subsidy is in many ways significant. Burket, the new senator from Nebraska, and Warner of Missouri, were the other Republicans who went into the open with their opposition.

Less significance has attached to this vote by reason of the popular expectation that the bill will not be allowed to come up in the House at this session. It should be noted that the action of the Senate, however, is "good" until March 4, 1907, in case at either this session or the next the House sees fit to do its part, since under the rules of the House, where time is no object, a short session may be just as effective as a long one. This bill would pass in the House with its Republican majority of 112 were it allowed to go to roll call. Great pressure will be brought to bear upon Speaker Cannon from this time forth. He could not stand out against it, did he not feel a strong Western sentiment with him, such as that which showed itself in the Senate vote. This sentiment will doubtless control a corresponding number of Western Republican members.

Californians to Fight Exclusion Bill.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the House, which, up to this time, has had very little business before it, will soon be busy with the important subject of Chinese exclusion. It was agreed that hearings on the Foster exclusion bill should commence February 15. This measure admits all Chinese except those of the laboring classes, and a fight against it has been organized.

The members from the Pacific Coast States will exert every effort to secure

Way back in 1835 when "Old Hickory" was President



Schenck's Mandrake Pills were first introduced. Since then, almost every family in the United States has used them at one time or another, and they have steadily grown in public favor. They are now a household word all over this country.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

are the surest of all cures for Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Indigestion, Stomachic, Giddiness, Headache, Flatulency, Nausea, Jaundice, Malaria, etc.

They "Live the Liver."

and bring health and good spirit. Purely Vegetable. Absolutely Harmless. For sale everywhere.

25 cents a box, or by mail, DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

an adverse report on the bill. The California delegation met Wednesday and selected Messrs. Neelham, McKimley and Hayes as a committee to conduct the campaign against the bill. They claim that the Foster bill increases the possibility of fraudulent entry of Chinese into this country. Under existing law there is but one exempted class, and under the proposed bill there is but one prohibited class.

\$10,000 FOR JAPAN FAMINE.

Gift from Christian Herald of New York.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The Red Cross Wednesday received from the Christian Herald of New York \$10,000 for the relief of the famine-stricken Japanese, as the result of the appeal issued Wednesday by President Roosevelt. The Japanese embassy here has received a cablegram from the Japanese Government expressing its appreciation and thanks for the President's appeal.

DOLAN SHOWS SOME HEAT.

He Calls Mitchell's Statement Barefaced Lies.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 16.—When the Pittsburg miners' convention resumed its sessions yesterday, President Patrick Dolan addressed the delegates, replying to the letter of President John Mitchell, which was read to the delegates Wednesday by National Vice President Lewis.

"I want to say that Mitchell's statements in his letter are barefaced lies. He claims that the statement in the newspapers last Monday was not written by me. I most emphatically say that it was. I charge Mitchell with sending national board members into the Pittsburg district to try to defeat me. Both myself and Vice President Beilingham will be candidates for re-election, however, and will go before the miners for a vindication of our votes at Indianapolis. I want to go on record by saying that the present wage scale is the best the miners ever had, and we did not get it by selling out to the operators. John Mitchell and W. O. Ryan are not the only men in the country who understand the industrial situation."

Always Remember the Full Name

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. H. Brown on every box 25c

KING WORKS 12 HOURS A DAY.

Edward Tells Church's Army Head He Knows Blessings of Toil.

London, Feb. 16.—King Edward told the Rev. Wilson Carrile, head of the Church Army, who was received in audience at Buckingham Palace yesterday, that he himself often worked twelve hours a day. He knew the blessings of work, and greatly sympathized with the unemployed. Therefore, it was a great comfort to his majesty to know that the church army was furnishing work for so many. The king especially praised the emigration plans of the army, and said to the Rev. Mr. Carrile:

Beguide Blind Man, Rob the House.

Boston, Feb. 16.—Taking advantage of John Duffy, a blind man, two men ransacked the home of Mrs. Mary Manning, No. 44 Columbus avenue, Somerville, and took \$400 worth of jewelry. Mrs. Manning was away and Duffy was taking care of the house. One man kept Duffy's attention engaged while the other went through the house.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

RED CROSS PHARMACY, E. A. BROWN, C. H. KENDRICK & CO., D. F. DAVIS, J. H. DUNN, W. H. NILES & CO., D. W. HOWARD, J. W. PARKER, JR., J. A. LORNING.

CUTTERS GO BACK TO WORK

Quincy Lock-out and Strike Called Off

DIFFERENCES ADJUSTED

Trouble Arose Over Use of Surfacing Machine—Cutters Only Are to Run Them in the Future.

Quincy, Mass., Feb. 16.—The lockout and granite strike at the granite yards in Quincy, involving about 129, have been called off, and work was resumed this morning. Settlement was reached at a joint meeting of the executive committee of the Granite Manufacturers' association and the Granite Cutters' union yesterday. The meeting continued until about 12:30, and it was then announced that an agreement had been reached.

Work was suspended last Tuesday morning on account of cutters in the yards of Maguire & O'Hern of East Milton leaving work on account of the firm employing an apprentice on a surfacing machine, which the cutters claim, was a violation of the agreement made in 1903, they claiming that, according to the agreement, a cutter should be put on the machine instead of an apprentice. The manufacturers also claimed that the cutters broke the agreement made in 1903, as it was agreed that whenever there was any disagreement between the two parties it should be settled by arbitration in event the two committees could not settle the dispute, and that no strike or lockout should occur.

The terms on which a settlement was made are that "only a granite cutter shall run a surfacing machine, and he shall receive not less than the minimum rate of wages, provided, however, a manufacturer may use an apprentice on such a machine not exceeding six months of his apprenticeship."

The executive committee of the Granite Manufacturers' association reserved the right to have its action ratified by that body.

Unless the manufacturers repudiate the action of their committee, the agreement is to remain in full force and power.

WITNESS SAYS PACKERS WERE TO BE SHIELDED

Secretary D. E. Hartwell of Swift & Company Gives Testimony in Case.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 16.—D. E. Hartwell, secretary of Swift & Co., was the first witness yesterday in the packers' case. He detailed the first conversation between representatives of Swift & Co. and Special Agent Durant of the government, when the latter assured the packers; according to the witness, that all information given would be held in confidence, and that the government contemplated the protection of the packers from any disadvantages as a result of disclosure.

On cross examination, Mr. Hartwell was asked whether anything was said regarding evidence of a possibly incriminating nature in the books. He replied that he did not remember anything being said on such a subject.

Durant, the witness declared, wanted to know whether any of the officers of other packing companies were stockholders of Swift & Co.

"I took him to the man having charge of the books showing that part of the information," the witness said, "and he looked them over and said that he was satisfied."

MINERS MAKE THEIR DEMANDS.

Operators Have Them Under Consideration and Will Reply Later.

New York, Feb. 16.—The coal miners and operators went into conference shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday. The meeting was held in the offices of the United Mine Workers' association.

The conference adjourned shortly before 3 o'clock. A statement will be given out later. The operators received the demands of the miners and will reply after considering them.

BOTH SIDES CONTENT.

Miners and Operators Both to Make Statements Later.

New York, Feb. 16.—The conference between the coal operators and the representatives of the anthracite miners ended at 2:45 o'clock. Both sides said they would make statements later. Everyone seemed to be content.

DRIVEN FROM VILLAGE.

Whitcappers in Connecticut Catch a Horse Dealer.

Hartford, Ct., Feb. 16.—At 2 o'clock, Tuesday morning, in the village of Granby, 30 men, their heads and faces covered with white caps, moved silently down the main street and came to a stop in front of the home of Dr. Arthur J. Wood, one of the best known physicians in the county. They tapped at the door, which opened, and they entered.

The visitors dragged William Griffin, a horse dealer, from the house. "You will be lynched if you make an outcry," said the leader. When Griffin was dressed, his arms were bound and he was fastened to a long rope. For five miles he was dragged along the rocky road, all the time pleading that his life be spared. At the state line, opposite Southwick, Mass., he was unbound.

"We had intended to tar and feather you," said the leader, "but we decided to warn you away. If you ever show your face in Granby again you will be tarred and feathered."

Griffin made off as fast as he could over the state line.

Dr. Wood and his wife it is said, had had disputes over Griffin, who was called "the star boarder."

NOT A PATENT MEDICINE

Hymel's Scientific Treatment for Catarrh by Breathing Medicated Air.

Ever since Hymel has been known, its formula has been given to physicians, druggists and, in fact, to all intelligent people who could appreciate the true merit of the combination of healing gums, oils and balsams of which it is composed.

Many leading physicians endorse Hymel and prescribe it for catarrhal troubles. In fact, quite a few of them use it themselves to break up a cold and prevent pneumonia. They regard it as a natural, yet scientific way of curing catarrh.

Breathed through the pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit, Hymel destroys all catarrhal germs in the air-passages of the throat and nose, soothes and heals the irritated mucous membrane and effectually drives from the system all traces of catarrhal poison.

No one should confound Hymel with the patent medicines that are advertised as catarrh cures. It is as superior to them all as the diamond is more valuable than cheap glass.

The complete Hymel outfit, consisting of a neat pocket inhaler, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hymel, costs but \$1, and extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents, making it the most economical method of curing catarrh, as well as the most reliable.

Rickert & Wells have sold a great many Hymel outfits and have seen such remarkable results from its use that they sell it under an absolute guarantee that it costs nothing unless it cures.

OLD AGE PENSION

British Premier in Favor of Payment by the Nation.

London, Feb. 16.—While declining to make rash promises, Premier Campbell-Bannerman and Chancellor of Exchequer Asquith yesterday declared themselves in entire sympathy with a deputation which called on them to advocate the establishment of a national system of old age pensions.

The deputation urged that the scheme should include all citizens, men or women, the money being found by means of imperial taxation. The premier and exchequer in replying, heartily approved of the suggestions. The only difficulty at present, they pointed out, was the question of ways and means.

They thought, however, that with greater care in the administration of the country's finances, it would not be impossible to find money for such a beneficial scheme.

DEVONIAN SAVED.

Big Steamship in Port After Mishap on Rocks.

Boston, Feb. 16.—The Leyland liner, Devonian, reached port late yesterday afternoon. She passed up her coast from Scituate, where she has been aground for 15 hours, consorted by several tug boats under her own steam. She had a decided list from which it is presumed she took in a great deal of water while on the rocks.

The vessel greetings for the Devonian from every craft she passed, at least every one of those who knew of the danger she had passed through during the time she was ashore, beaten by wind and waves.

On the Devonian were four passengers, 11 cattle and a crew of 82 men. There was no panic, despite the vessel's danger at one time. The Devonian was floated at about 2:30 p. m. by a tug and the revenue cutter Gresham.

MATOS PLANS NO REVOLT.

Denies Idea of Revolution in Venezuela.

Paris, Feb. 16.—The presence in Paris of General Matos, who headed the last revolution in Venezuela against President Castro, leads to reports that Matos might again take measures to stir up an insurrection. He is receiving no recognition, official or otherwise, but the French government is aware of his presence here. Matos was asked yesterday whether there was any truth in the reports that he is organizing a revolution, and replied: "I most emphatically assert that the reports are entirely baseless."

Referring to the Franco-Venezuelan difficulty, General Matos said he thought the affair, which originated in a trifling difference between President Castro and M. Taigny, would be settled without coercion or armed intervention.

Albers Back from Nicaragua.

New York, Feb. 16.—William S. Albers, the American citizen who was imprisoned in Nicaragua last summer and served about six months of a 3½ years' sentence, arrived in New York yesterday on the steamer Panama, from Colon. He said that he did not abuse the President of Nicaragua, as has been reported.

Free! Free!

Owing to the great popular demand for a souvenir of the wedding of the President's daughter, The Boston Globe has arranged to give a

Picture in Colors

OF MISS

Alice Roosevelt

The Bride of the White House.

This picture will be given away in the form of a supplement to The Boston Globe Next Sunday.

The Potrait in a Soft Sepia Tone A Beautiful Border in Alice Blue

ORDER NOW TO MAKE SURE OF

Next Sunday's Boston Globe

With Its Beautiful Souvenir of the White House Wedding.

WANT THE SCREEN LAW.

New Jersey Bishops Agree on Views for Legislature.

New York, Feb. 16.—The four Episcopal and Roman Catholic bishops of New Jersey agreed at a conference at Trenton, Wednesday night, upon the amendments to the laws regulating the liquor traffic of the state, which it is proposed to offer at the present session of the Legislature. There were a number of other clergymen and laymen at the conference.

The most radical amendment proposed was that all screens and obstructions be removed from the windows of saloons so that the interior of places where intoxicants are sold shall be plainly exposed to public view. Another recommendation in the direction of high-license fixed a minimum license fee of \$500 in all cities having a population of 10,000 or more.

The case is one of the most extraordinary in the police annals of Jersey City. Chief Murphy explained to the court that the prisoner was suspected of having poured benzine over his brother and having set him afire at night, and added that it was believed that when Legler saw that his brother would not succumb to his injuries he caused the victim's death by administering some poisonous powder.

Carl Legler's death occurred on Dec. 19, five days after he was found ablaze in his room at a boarding house in Summit avenue, where he lived with Alexander. His death was reported as accidental, and Chief Murphy did not learn of the case until last Friday. He began an investigation which resulted in Alexander Legler's arrest Wednesday night.

COMPLETES REFORM WORK.

Pennsylvania Legislature Yesterday Adjourned.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 16.—The Pennsylvania Legislature yesterday completed the business for which it was called in extra session, and adjourned finally. All of the reform legislation enumerated by the governor in his official call was enacted, with the exception of civil service for the State offices. Both branches remained in session until shortly after midnight, in order to clear their work for final adjournment. One of the last acts of the session was the adoption of a resolution for an investigation of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company. This resolution must be signed by the governor to become effective.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Standard Oil Dividend, \$15.

New York, Feb. 16.—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday declared a dividend of \$15 a share. The dividend declared at this time last year was at the same rate.

He that knows, and knows that he knows is wise. Follow him.

—Arabian Fr.

He that knows

Uneeda Biscuit

and knows that he knows

Uneeda Biscuit

is well fed. Dine with him.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

The Old Vermont Mutual

(1828)

Writes insurance at actual cost on all classes of property. Assessment or Paid-up Policies.

CHEAPEST and BEST Fire Insurance Written. GET RATES

R. G. ROBINSON, AGENT,

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FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT and PLATE GLASS INSURANCE Agency